1. Year Groups Years

3/4

2. Aspect of D&T Food

Focus Healthy and varied diet

3. Key learning in design and technology

Prior learning

- Know some ways to prepare ingredients safely and hygienically.
- Have some basic knowledge and understanding about healthy eating and The eatwell plate.
- Have used some equipment and utensils and prepared and combined ingredients to make a product.

Designing

- Generate and clarify ideas through discussion with peers and adults to develop design criteria including appearance, taste, texture and aroma for an appealing product for a particular user and purpose.
- Use annotated sketches and appropriate information and communication technology, such as web-based recipes, to develop and communicate ideas.

Making

- Plan the main stages of a recipe, listing ingredients, utensils and equipment.
- Select and use appropriate utensils and equipment to prepare and combine ingredients.
- Select from a range of ingredients to make appropriate food products, thinking about sensory characteristics.

Evaluating

- Carry out sensory evaluations of a variety of ingredients and products. Record the evaluations using e.g. tables and simple graphs.
- Evaluate the ongoing work and the final product with reference to the design criteria and the views of others

Technical knowledge and understanding

- Know how to use appropriate equipment and utensils to prepare and combine food.
- Know about a range of fresh and processed ingredients appropriate for their product, and whether they are grown, reared or caught.
- Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary appropriately.

4. What could children design, make and evaluate?

sandwiches wraps rolls pitta pockets blinis rice cakes toasties snack bar salad snacks other - specify

7. Links to topics and themes

Stories Picnics Healthy Eating School Fair Religious Festival Eco-Fair/Green Days Cultural Focus day

other - specify

10. Investigative and Evaluative Activities (IEAs)

- Children investigate a range of food products e.g. the content of their lunchboxes over a week, a selection of foods provided for them, food from a visit to a local shop. Link to the principles of a varied and healthy diet using The eatwell plate e.g. What ingredients have been used? Which food groups do they belong to? What substances are used in the products e.g. nutrients, water and fibre?
- Carry out sensory evaluations on the contents of the food from e.g. a variety of bought food products such as a range of wraps or sandwiches. Record results, for example using a table. Use appropriate words to describe the taste/smell/texture/appearance e.g. How do the sensory characteristics affect your liking for the food?
- Gather information about existing products available relating to your product. Visit a local supermarket and/or use the internet.
- Find out how a variety of ingredients used in products are grown and harvested, reared, caught and processed e.g. Where and when are the ingredients grown? Where do different meats/fish/cheese/eggs come from? How and why are they processed?

12. Focused Tasks (FTs)

- Learn to select and use a range of utensils and use a range of techniques as appropriate to prepare ingredients hygienically including the bridge and claw technique, grating, peeling, chopping, slicing, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking.
- Food preparation and cooking techniques could be practised by making a food product using an existing recipe.
- Discuss basic food hygiene practices when handling food including the importance of following instructions to control risk e.g. What should we do before we work with food? Why is following instructions important?

14. Design, Make and Evaluate Assignment (DMEA)

- Discuss the purpose of the products that the children will be designing, making and evaluating and who the products will be for.
- Develop and agree on design criteria with the children within a context that is authentic and meaningful. This can include criteria relating to healthy eating and a varied diet e.g. What do you need to consider to make it part of a balanced diet? How do we select the ingredients? How could we make it appealing to eat?
- Ask children to generate a range of ideas encouraging realistic responses.
- Using discussion, annotated sketches and information and communication technology if appropriate, ask the children to develop and communicate their ideas.
- Ask children to consider the main stages in making the food product, before preparing/cooking the product including the ingredients and utensils they will need.
- Evaluate as the assignment proceeds and the final product against the intended purpose and user, reflecting on the design criteria previously agreed. Consider what others think of the product when considering how the work might be improved.

5. Intended users

themselves old			
younger children	parents	grandparents	
friends family	visitors		
other – specify			

8. Possible contexts

home school		off-site educational visits		
leisure	culture	enterprise	industry	
wider en	vironment	health		
other – specify				

- Spoken language developing relevant vocabulary e.g. sensory descriptors. Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge.
- Science using and developing skills of observing and questioning. Humans get nutrition from what they eat. Discuss changes of state if heat is used.

13. Related learning in other subjects

- Mathematics mass kg/g.
- **Spoken language** developing relevant technical vocabulary e.g. names of utensils and techniques. Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge.

15. Related learning in other subjects

Mathematics - mass kg/g.

- Art and Design using and developing drawing skills.
- Writing new vocabulary. Use non-fiction texts such as description, explanation and instructions e.g. recipes. Organise their work using e.g. headings, subheadings.
- **Spoken language** consider and evaluate different viewpoints. Use discussion to develop understanding through exploring ideas.

6. Purpose of products

picnic lunch boxes celebration sports day religious festival off-site visits healthy living other - specify

9. Project title

Design, make and evaluate a____ ___ (product) for (user) for (purpose). To be completed by the teacher. Use the project title to set the scene for children's learning prior to activities in 10, 12 and 14.

11. Related learning in other subjects

Mathematics and computing - making use of mathematical and computing skills to present results of sensory evaluations graphically.

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16. Possible resources

information about foods from around the world, basic recipes

range of relevant example foods to taste and evaluate

suitable equipment and utensils such as: knives, chopping board, weighing scales, measuring jugs, bowls, baking trays, spoons - various sizes, parchment paper, plastic film

17. Key vocabularv

name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients

texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell, preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury

hygienic, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet

planning, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, sensory evaluations

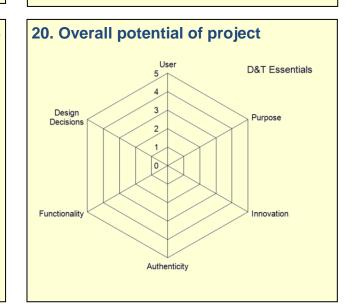
18. Key competencies

problem-solving teamwork negotiation organisation motivation consumer awareness persuasion leadership perseverance

other - specify

19. Health and safety

Pupils should be taught to work safely and hygienically, using tools, equipment, techniques and ingredients appropriate to the task. Prior to undertaking this project risk assessments should be carried out, including identifying whether there are children who are not permitted to taste or handle any food ingredients or products.







Years 3/4

Healthy and varied diet

Instant CPD

Tips for teachers

✓ When choosing bought products to evaluate, choose some with simple fillings (such as cheese) and others with more variety (such as bacon, lettuce and tomato). Include some with fillings from a variety of cultures.

Food

- ✓ Children may need help to develop design criteria for their product. You can model this by discussing what the design criteria may have been for an existing product that the children have previously evaluated before encouraging them to create their own.
- ✓ If you grow edible plants in the school grounds such as herbs, lettuce or tomatoes, encourage the children to use these in their food product. When possible, use some ingredients which are seasonal and locally sourced.
- ✓ It is advisable to have additional adult support when children are learning to prepare ingredients.
- \checkmark Use a range of fresh and processed ingredients.
- \checkmark Some ingredients can be cooked using a heat source with adult supervision to introduce children to techniques such as boiling an egg or roasting a pepper.
- ✓ Hygiene: tie long hair back, wear aprons, cover cuts with blue plasters and wash hands thoroughly with soap and dry with a paper towel. More details on www.foodafactoflife.org.uk.
- ✓ Homework idea 1: Ask children to collect pictures of related food products from magazines etc. Research which similar products are used around the world.
- ✓ Homework idea 2: Ask members of the children's family which is their favourite lunch snack and why.

Useful resources at www.data.org.uk

- Dips and Dippers
- Chilled Food Association KS2 Hygiene
- CPD Resources Primary INSET Guides

Other useful web-based resources:

• www.foodafactoflife.org.uk

D&T Association publications

- Primary Helpsheets Unit 3B Sandwich Snacks
- Primary Lesson Plans Unit 3B Sandwich Snacks

Please note that these publications are based on previous National Curricula.



Wraps



Spreading butter on bread

Cutting using the claw

technique

Sandwich

How can I make it appealing for the

Has the snack met the needs of the

Investigating and Evaluating Activities

Cutting using the bridge

technique

Children can analyse existing products related to their project using sensory evaluations and record their results in a table. Explain that tasting is not the same as eating. Provide kitchen towel so children can spit out food they do not like. Provide water to cleanse palette between tasting products.

Analysing existing products							
Filling	Appearance	Smell	Flavour/Taste	Texture	Dislike	Neither	Like
1							
2							
3							
4							
Word	Colourful	Fruity	Salty	Crispy			
bank	Dark/pale	Meaty	Herby	Crunchy			
	Greasy	Smoky	Spicy	Soft			
	Moist	Oniony	Fishy	Chewy			
		Garlicky	Smoky	Sticky			
		Fishy		Smooth			
				Hard			



- you like best.
- Strawberry huller tool to remove the stalk and leaves from a strawberry.
- Processed food ingredients that have been changed in some way to enable them to be eaten or used in food preparation and cooking.



Pitta bread

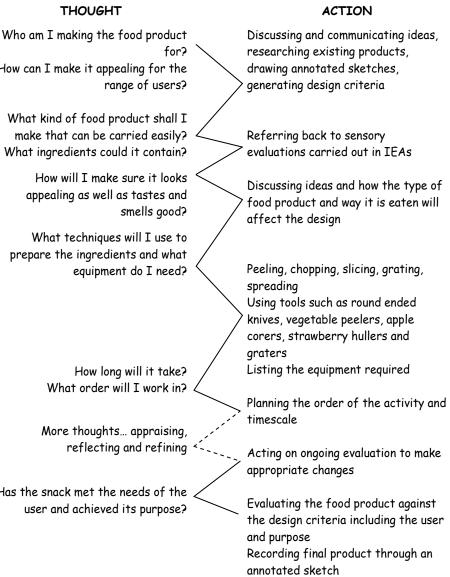
sandwich

Grating cheese

Skills and techniques

Designing, making and evaluating a bread-based product with a filling for lunch, such as a wrap, a sandwich, a roll, a blini or a toastie

An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is one example of how the iterative design and make process *might* be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:



• Appearance - how the food looks to the eye.

- **Texture** how the product feels in the mouth.
- Sensory evaluation evaluating food products in terms of the taste, smell, texture and appearance.
- **Preference test** trying different foods and deciding which



